# **STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, BIHAR**

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations for IV Semester Diploma in Civil Engineering / Civil (Rural) Engineering (Effective from Session 2016-17 Batch)

THEORY	

			TEACHING SCHEME	EXAMINATION-SCHEME							
Sr. No	SUBJECT	SUBJECT CODE	Periods per Week	Hours of Exam.	Teacher's Assessment (TA) Marks A	Class Test (CT) Marks B	End Semester Exam.(ESE) Marks C	Total Marks (A+B+C)	Pass Marks ESE	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
1.	Advance Surveying	1615401	02	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	02
2.	Mechanics of Structures	1615402	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
3.	Geo Technical Engineering	1615403	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
4.	Transportation Engineering	1615404	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
5.	Hydraulics	1615405	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
		Total :-	14				350	500			

## PRACTICAL

Sr.			TEACHING EXAMINATION-SCHEME						
Sr. No.	SUBJECT	SUBJECT CODE	Periods per Week	Hours of Exam.	Practic Internal(A)	al (ESE) External(B)	Total Marks	Pass Marks in the	Credits
							(A+B)	Subject	
6.	Advance Surveying Lab	1615406	04	03	15	35	50	20	02
7.	Mechanics of Structures Lab	1615407	03	03	15	35	50	20	01
8.	Geo Technical Engineering Lab	1615408	02	03	15	35	50	20	01
9.	Hydraulics Lab	1615409	04	03	15	35	50	20	02
		Total :-	13				200	•	

#### **TERM WORK**

Sr.		SUBJECT	TEACHING SCHEME Periods per	Marks of	EXAMINA Marks of	TION-SCHE Total	CME Pass Marks	Credits
No.	SUBJECT	CODE	Week	Internal Examiner (X)	External Examiner (Y)	Marks (X+Y)	in the Subject	
10.	Computer Aided Drawing	1615410	03	07	18	25	10	02
11.	Professional Practices-IV	1615411	03	07	18	25	10	02
		Total :-	06		•	50		
Tota	l Periods per week Each	of duration (	One Hour 3	3 Total	Marks = $7$	50		24

# **ADVANCE SURVEYING (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP)**

Subject Code		Theory					Credits
1615401	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	02
1010-101	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	02	—	—	ТА	:	10	
	—			СТ	:	20	

#### **CONTENTS : THEORY**

	Name of Topics	Hrs/week	Marks
Unit -1	Plane Table Survey		
	<ol> <li>Principles of plane table survey. Accessories required</li> <li>Setting out of plane table, Levelling, Centering and orientation.</li> <li>Methods of plane table surveying – Radiation, Intersection,</li> </ol>	05	10
	<ul> <li>and Traversing.</li> <li>1.4 Merits and Demerits of plane table Surveying. situations where plane table survey is used.</li> <li>1.5 Use of Telescopic Alidade.</li> </ul>		
Unit -2	Theodolite Survey		
	<ul> <li>2.1 Components of Transit Theodolite and Their functions. Technical terms used. Temporary adjustments of Transit Theodolite. Swinging the telescope, Transiting, Changing the face.</li> <li>2.2 Measurement of Horizontal angle, method of Repetition, errors eliminated by method of repetition.</li> <li>2.3 Measurement of Deflection angle.</li> <li>2.4 Measurement of Vertical angle.</li> <li>2.5 Measurement of magnetic bearing of a line by Theodolite .</li> <li>2.6 Prolonging a Straight line.</li> <li>2.7 Sources of errors in Theodolite Surveying.</li> <li>2.8 Permanent adjustment of transit Theodolite ( only relationship of different axes of Theodolite.).</li> <li>2.9 Traversing with Theodolite – Method of included angles, locating details, checks in closed traverse, Calculation of bearings from angles.</li> <li>2.10 Traverse Computation - Latitude, Departure Consecutive Co-ordinates error of Closure, Distribution of a angular error, balancing the traverse by Bodwitch rule and Transit Rule, Gale's traverse table .simple problems on above topic.</li> </ul>	10	20
Unit – 3	<ul> <li>Tacheometric Survey</li> <li>3.1 Principle of Tacheometry.</li> <li>3.2 Essential requirements of Tachometer.</li> <li>3.3 Use of Theodolite as a Tacheometer with staff held in vertical and fixed hair method (No derivation).</li> <li>3.4 Determination of tacheometric constants, simple numerical problems on above topics.</li> </ul>	06	12
Unit – 4	Curves		
	<ul> <li>4.1 Types of curves used in road and railway alignments. Notations of simple circular curve. Designation of curve by radius and degree of curves.</li> <li>4.2 Method of Setting out curve by offset from Long chord method and Rankine's method of deflection angles.Simple Numerical problems on above topics.</li> </ul>	05	10

Unit – 5	Advanced Survey Equipments		
	<ul> <li>5.1 Construction and use of one second Micro Optic Theodolite, Electronic Digital Theodolite. Features of Electronic Theodolite</li> <li>5.2 Principle of E.D.M, Components of E.D.M and their functions, use of E.D.M.</li> </ul>	12	12
	5.3 Total station		
Unit – 6	Aerial Survey and Remote sensing		
	6.1 Aerial Survey Introductions, definition, Aerial photograph.		
	<ul> <li>6.2 Remote Sensing – Introduction, Electro-Magnetic Energy, Remote sensing system- Passive system, Active system. Applications – mineral, land use / Land cover, Natural Hazards and Environmental engineering system.</li> </ul>	04	06
	Total	42	70

Text /Reference Books:-		
Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Surveying and Levelling	N N Basak	Tata Mc Graw-Hill
Surveying and Levelling Part I and II	T .P. Kanetkar & S. V, Kulkarni	Pune Vidhyarthi Griha Prakashan
Surveying and Levelling Vol. I and II	Dr. B. C. Punmiya	Laxmi Publication
Text book of Surveying	S.K.Husain, M.S. Nagaraj	S. Chand and company
Surveying and Levelling Vol. I and II	S. K. Duggal	TATA MC GRAW-HILL
Plane Surveying	A.M.Chandra	NEW AGE INTERNATIONAL Publishers
Advance Surveying	Nishit Sinha	Foundation Publishing

# MECHANICS OF STRUCTURES (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Subject Code		Theory					Credits
1615402	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	100	03
1010-102	L T P/S			ESE	:	70	
	03	—	—	TA	:	10	
	_	—	—	СТ	:	20	

## **Contents : Theory**

	Name of the Topics	Hrs/week	Marks
Unit -1	Stress & Strain		FILLING
ont -1	<ul> <li>1.1 Definition of rigid body, plastic body, mechanical properties of metal such as elasticity &amp; elastic limit.</li> <li>1.2 Definition of stress, strain, modulus of elasticity, S. I. Unit. Classification of stress, strain, Sign convention. Stress, strain curve for mild steel and HYSD bar, yield stress/ proof stress, Ultimate stress, breaking stress and percentage elongation.</li> <li>1.3 Deformation of body due to axial load. Deformation of a Body subjected to axial forces. Deformation of body of stepped c/s due to axial load, max. stress and min. stress induced. Stresses in bars of composite section &amp; deformation.</li> <li>1.4 Shear stress, shear strain &amp; modulus of rigidity, complementary shear</li> </ul>	10	10
	stress, state of simple shear, punching shear.		
Unit -2	Elastic Constants & Principal Stresses         2.1       Definition of lateral strain, Poisson's ratio, Change in lateral dimensions         2.2       Volumetric strain due to uni-axial force and change in volume         2.3       Biaxial and tri-axial stresses and volumetric strain & change in volume         2.4       Definition of bulk modulus, volumetric strain.         2.5       Relation between modulus of elasticity, modulus of rigidity and bulk modulus.         2.6       Definition of principal planes & principal stresses         2.7       Principal planes & stress due to bi-axial stress system & due to state of simple shear. (Analytical method only)	08	10
Unit – 3	<ul> <li>Shear Force And Bending Moment :         <ul> <li>3.1 Types of beams - cantilever, simply supported, fixed and continuous beams, types of loading- point load, uniformly distributed load, support reactions for determinate structures</li> <li>3.2 Concept of shear force and bending moment, sign convention. Relation between bending moment, shear force and rate of loading</li> <li>3.3 Shear force and bending moment diagrams for simply supported beams, overhanging beams and cantilever subjected to point loads, UDL and couples, point of contra flexure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	08	14
Unit – 4	<ul> <li>Moment Of Inertia:         <ul> <li>4.1 Concept of moment of inertia M.I of plane areas such as rectangle, triangle, circle, semicircle and quarter circle</li> <li>4.2 Parallel axis and perpendicular axis theorem M.I of composite sections, built up sections, symmetrical and unsymmetrical sections, radius of gyration &amp; polar moment of inertia.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	06	10
Unit – 5	<ul> <li>Stresses In Beams:</li> <li>5.1 Bending Stresses in Beams: Concept of pure bending, theory of simple bending, assumptions in theory of bending, neutral axis, bending stresses and their nature, bending stress distribution diagram, moment of resistance.</li> <li>5.2 Application of theory of bending to symmetrical and unsymmetrical sections.</li> <li>5.3 Shear stresses in beams: Shear stress equation, meaning of terms in equation, shear stress distribution for rectangular, hollow rectangular, circular sections and hollow circular sections</li> <li>5.4 Relation between max. shear stress and average shear stress.</li> </ul>	06	10

Unit – 6	Analysis Of Trusses6.1 Definition frames, classification of frames, perfect, imperfect, redundant and deficient frame, relation between members and joints, assumption in analysis. Method of joint, method of section and graphical method to find nature of forces.	06	10
Unit – 7	Strain Energy7.1Types of loading – gradual, suddenly applied load & Impact load7.2Definition of strain energy, modulus of resilience and proof resilience.7.3Comparison of stresses due to gradual load, sudden load and impact load.	04	06
	Total	48	70

	Text /Reference Books:-	
Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Strength of Materials	F. L. Singer	Harper& Row Publishers
Strength of Materials	R. S. Khurmi	S. Chand & Company Delhi
Mechanics of Structures volume –I & II	S. B. Junnarkar	Charotar Publishing House, Anand.
Mechanics of Structures	Aakash Verma	Foundation Publishing

## **GEO-TECHNICAL ENGINEERING (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP)**

Sul	bject (	Code		Theory					Credits
	1615403			of Periods Per V	Week	Full Marks	:	100	03
1	101540	J <b>S</b>	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	-
			03	—	_	ТА	:	10	
				—	—	СТ	:	20	
				Conter	nts : Theory				
		Name of T	opics				H	lrs/week	Marks
Unit -1	0ve	erview Ge	otechnica	l Engineer	ing				
	1.1	IS definitio	on of soil						
	1.2	Importan	ce of soil in	n Civil Engin	eering as co	onstruction materia	l		
		in Civil En	ngineering S	Structures, a	s foundatior	n bed for structures		02	02
	1.3	Field app	lication of	geotechnical	engineering	g foundation desig	1,	02	02
		pavement	design, de	esign of ear	rth retaining	g structures, desig	n		
		of earthen	dams (brief	ideas only)					
Unit -2	Phy	sical Prop	erties of So	oil					
	2.1		ree phase sy						
	2.2	Water co	ontent, Det	termination	of water	content by over	n		
			thod as per l					08	20
	2.3			d degree of sa					
	2.4					ht, dry unit weigh	t,		
					•	nerged unit weight			
	2.5			•	-	weight by core cutte	r		
	0.6		-	acement meth	-				
	2.6		-	-	••••	y by pycnometer.	c		
	2.7		-	-	-	Atterberg's limits of			
			-	quia limit,	plastic III	mit and shrinkag	e		
	2.8	-	ticity index.	d limit plact	ic limit and a	shrinkage limit as pe	r		
	2.0	IS code.	luon or nqui	u mm, plast		sin linkage linnit as pe	:1		
	2.9		iza distribi	ition mecha	nical sieve	analysis as per I	s		
	2.9					ve diameter of soi			
		Uniformity				ve didiffeter of 501	1,		
				cient of curva	ature. well g	graded and uniforml	v		
		graded soi					5		
	2.10	-		ion of soils &	IS classificat	ion of soil			
Unit – 3	Peri	meability of	f Soil & Seej	page Analysi	S				
	3.1		of permeabi						
	3.2	Darcy's la	w of perm	neability, coe	efficient of	permeability, typica	ıl		
				permeability	for different	soil			
	3.3		ecting perm						
	3.4			-		nstant head and fallin	-	04	10
		permeabilit		s, simple pro	oblems to de	etermine coefficient o	of		
	3.5	Seepage	y. through	earthen	structures,	seepage velocity	,		
	5.5		•			quipotential lines.	',		
	3.6					tion of flow net (n	0		
		numerical			, applica				
Unit – 4	Shea	ar Strength	<b>A</b>						1
	4.1	-		eld situation o	of shear failur	е			
	4.2		shear stren						
	4.3				of soil – cohe	sion, internal frictior	1		
	4.4					, strength equation		04	08
	4.5			hesion less s					
	4.6					oil – Direct shear tes			
						tting strength envelope	Э,		
		determining	g shear streng	th parameters	of soil				

Unit – 5	Bearing Capacity of Soils		
	<ul> <li>5.1 Concept of bearing capacity, ultimate bearing capacity, safe bearing capacity and allowable bearing pressure</li> <li>5.2 Terzaghi's analysis and assumptions made.</li> <li>5.3 Effect of water table on bearing capacity</li> <li>5.4 Field methods for determination of bearing capacity – Plate load test and standard penetration test. Test procedures as Pen IS:1888 &amp; IS:2131.</li> <li>5.5 Typical values of bearing capacity from building code IS:1904</li> <li>5.6 Definition of active earth pressure and passive earth pressure structures subjected to earth pressure in the field.</li> </ul>	04	08
Unit – 6	Compaction of Soil & Stabilization		
0	6.1 Concept of compaction, purpose of compaction field situations where compaction is required.	06	14
	<ul> <li>6.2 Standard proctor test – test procedure as per IS code, Compaction curve, optimum moisture content, maximum dry density, Zero air voids line.</li> </ul>		
	6.3 Modified proctor test		
	6.4 Factors affecting compaction		
	6.5 Field methods of compaction – rolling, ramming & vibration and Suitability of various compaction equipments.		
	6.6 California bearing ratio, CBR test, significance of CBR value		
	6.7 Difference between compaction and consolidation		
	<ul> <li>6.8 Concept of soil stabilization, necessity of soil stabilization</li> <li>6.9 Different methods of soil stabilization – Mechanical soil stabilization, lime stabilization, cement stabilization, bitumer stabilization, fly-ash stabilization</li> </ul>		
Unit – 7	Site Investigation And Sub Soil Exploration		
	7.1 Necessity of site investigation & sub-soil exploration.		
	7.2 Types of exploration – general , detailed.		
	<ul><li>7.3 Method of site exploration open excavation &amp; boring</li><li>7.4 Criteria for deciding the location and number of test pits and bores</li></ul>	04	08
	7.5 Disturbed & undisturbed soil samples for lab testing.	UT	00
	7.6 Field identification of soil – dry strength test, dilitancy test		
	& toughness test		
Uit 0	7.7 Empirical correlation between soil properties and SPT values.		
Unit – 8	Liquefaction	03	06
	Total	30	70

Text/Reference Books:-		
Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering	Dr. B. C. Punmia	Standard Book house, New Delhi
Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering	Murthi	Tata McGraw Hill , New Delhi
Soil Mechanics	B. J. Kasmalkar	Pune Vidhyarti Griha, Pune
Geo-technical Engineering	Gulhati & Dutta	Tata McGraw Hill , New Delhi
Geo Technical Engineering	Kuldep Singh	Foundation Publishing

# TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Subje	ct Code		Theory					Credits
161	5404	No.	of Periods Per		Full Marks	:	100	03
_		L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	
		03			TA	:	10	_
		—			СТ	:	20	
	Name of the T	onic	Contents	s: Theory		Ц	rs/weeł	x Marks
Unit -1	Overview of	-	tation En	rinooring		111	s/weer	Marks
Unit -1	<ul><li>1.1 Role of tra</li><li>1.2 Modes of t airways,</li></ul>	ansportation ransportatio waterways,	in the devel n system – r Importanc	opment of na	, n mode,		02	04
	-				for roads & railways			
Unit -2	Alignn Rail Ga Rail tr Single d 2.2 Permanen Ideal re Rails – Creep o Sleeper concre Ballast merits Rail fix keys, a 2.3 Railway Tr Coning elevati deficie 2.4 Branchin Definit consist compo Line s diamon Inspect 2.5 Station and Site so station termin Station Locom yard – 2.6 Track Main	at and Gaug ication of Inc nent- Factor uges – types ack cross se & double line t ways quirement, co function & it of rail , cause rs – function te sleepers & – function & & demerits. tures & fast nchors & ant ack Geometr g of wheels, ion limits of ency negativ g of Tracks ion of point nents, their f ketches of t nd crossing, t tion of points d Yards : election for al) a yards , types otive yard – its types, T	lian Railways rs governing , factors affec- ctions – sta e in cutting a mponent part s types. Rail s & preventi- ns & Requi- t s treepers. ics. tilting of ra Super eleva- re cant, grad t & crossing s and crossing functions & v rack junction railway st stations (re- es of station y its requirem	g rail alignm cting selectio ndard cross nd embankm s. Joints – requ on of creep. rement, type ility, sleeper pes with thei plate, bearin ils, Gradient ation on curr le compensa g, a simple ing lines. Ske vorking. ns-crossover gs tations, Requ way side, c yard, Passeng ents, water	n of gauge. section of BG & M.G ent. irements, types, es – wooden, meta density. r properties, relative ag plates, spikes, bolk t & its types, Super ves, cant tion on curves. split switch turnour etch showing differe s, scissor cross over uirements of railwa rossing, junction & ger yards, Goods yard column , Marshalling	l, cs, t nt c, ay	18	26

Unit – 3	Bridge Engineering :		
	3.1 Site selection and investigation		
	Factors affecting selection of site of a bridge. Bridge alignment		
	Collection of design data		
	Classification of bridges according to function, material, span,		
	size, alignment, position of HFL.		
	3.2 Component parts of bridge.		
	Plan & sectional elevation of bridge showing component parts of ,		
	substructure & super structure.		
	Different terminology such as effective span, clear span,		
	economical span, waterway, afflux, scour, HFL, freeboard, etc.	18	26
	Foundation – function, types		
	Piers-function, requirements, types.		
	Abutment – function, types		
	Wing walls – functions and types.		
	Bearing – functions, types of bearing for RCC & steel bridges.		
	Approaches –in cutting and embankment.		
	Bridge flooring- open and solid floors		
	3.3 <b>Permanent and Temporary Bridges-</b> Permanent Bridges - Sketches & description in brief of culverts,		
	causeways, masonry, arch, steel, movable steel bridges, RCC girder		
	bridge, prestressed, girder bridge, cantilever, suspension bridge.		
	Temporary Bridges- timber, flying, floating bridges		
	3.4 Inspection & Maintenance Of Bridge.		
	Inspection of bridges		
	Maintenance of bridges & types – routine & special maintenance.		
Unit – 4	Tunnel Engineering.		
	4.1 Definition, necessity, advantages, disadvantages		
	4.2 Classification of tunnels.		
	4.3 Shape and Size of tunnels		
	4.4Tunnel Cross sections for highway and railways		
	4.5 Tunnel investigations and surveying –Tunnel surveying locating		
	center line on ground, transferring center line inside the tunnel.		
	4.6 Shaft - its purpose & construction.	10	14
	4.7 Methods of tunnelling in Soft rock-needle beam method, fore-poling		
	method. line plate method, shield method.		
	4.8 Methods of tunnelling in Hard rock-Full-face heading method, Heading and bench method, drift method.		
	4.9 Precautions in construction of tunnels		
	4.10 Drilling equipments-drills and drills carrying equipments		
	4.10 Drining equipments units and drins carrying equipments 4.11 Types of explosives used in tunnelling.		
	4.12 Tunnel lining and ventilation.		
	Total	48	70
	IUldi	70	70

Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Railway Engineering	S.C. Saxena	Dhanpatrai & sons
Railway Track	K.R. Antia	The New Book Co. Pvt. Ltd Mumbai
Principles of Railway Engineering	S.C. Rangwala	Charotar Publication
Principles and Practice of Bridge Engineering	S.P. Bindra	Dhanpatrai & sons
A Text Book of Transportation Engineering	N.L.Arora and S.P. Luthra	IPH New Delhi
Elements of Bridge Engineering	J.S. Alagia	Charotar Publication
Bridge Engineering	D.R. Phatak	Everest Publisher
Elements of Bridges	D. Johnos Victer	Oxford & IBH Publishing co
Road, Railway and Bridges	Birdi & Ahuja.	Std. Book House
Tunnel Engineering	S.C. Saxena	Dhanpatrai & sons
Explosive Engineering	C. B. Navalkar	
Transportation Engineering	Bipin Sinha	Foundation Publishing

# HYDRAULICS (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Sub	ject Code		Theory					Credits
	615405	No.	of Periods Per	Week	Full Marks	:	100	03
	515405	L	L T P/S		ESE	:	70	
		03	—	—	ТА	:	10	
		—			СТ	:	20	
	Name of Tax	•	Content	s: Theory		TT		Marilia
11-1-4	Name of To	_				П	rs/week	Marks
Unit -1	solids. hydra Hydra engine 1.2 Physic volum Compt	tion of fluid, I Introduction ulics- Hydros ulics with eering. cal properties e, Specific ressibility, Vi	to fluid me statics and respect to of fluid Mas gravity, S scosity, Nev	chanics and hy hydrodynam Irrigation a ss density, Wei urface tensio	luid with respect /draulics, Branches ics, Importance and Environment ight density, Speci n and capillari viscosity – Dynam	s of of cal fic ty,	04	06
Unit -2		ATIC PRESSU liquid surfac		n of pressur	e and its SI ur	nit	08	10
	horizo 2.2 Total	ontal and vertion hydrostatic pr	cal direction ressure and	in static liquid center of pres	iation of pressure Pressure diagram sure, Determinatio ical & inclined fac	on	00	10
	of da Deterr on sid of net	ms, sluice nination of to es and botton hydrostatic	gates, side tal hydrosta n of tank co pressure ar	es and bottor tics pressure & ntaining two li nd center of p	n of water tan & center of pressu iquids. Determinat pressure on vertic umerical Problems.	ks, re tion al		
Unit – 3	Measureme	nt Of Liquid I	Pressure In	Pipes				
	Conve pressu Bourd Measu – U-tu	are measurem on's pressure arement of pre	ure head of ents in pipe gauge. Pri essure differ l manomete	one liquid in s – Piezomete nciple of wor ence using diff er and inverted	to other devices f r, U-tube manome king and limitatio ferential manomet l U-tube differenti	ter, ons. er	04	06
Unit – 4		tals Of Fluid						
	steady turbul Reyno potent 4.2 Dischary head, theore	<ul> <li>v and Unstead ent. Various o lds number tial line. Flow n ge and its uni pressure hea</li> </ul>	dy, uniform combination and its ap net and its u its Continuit d, velocity ad and mod	and non-unif s of flow with oplication, Str ses cy equation for head and tota lified Bernoulli	ow. Types of flow form , Laminar a practical example eam line and e fluid flow. Datu l head, Bernoull i's theorem, Impul	nd es, qui- m i's	06	08

			1
Unit – 5	<ul> <li>Flow Of Liquid Through Pipes</li> <li>5.1 Loss of head due to friction, Darcy-Weisbach Equation Friction factor, relative roughness. Moody's diagram and its use. Common range of friction factor for different types of pipe material.</li> <li>5.2 Minor loss of head in pipe flow- loss of head due to sudden Contraction, sudden expansion, gradual contraction &amp; expansion, at entrance and exit of pipe in various pipe fittings. Pipes in series and parallel Equivalent pipe – Dupuit's equation</li> <li>5.3 Hydraulic gradient line and Energy gradient line, Siphon pipe. Water hammer in pipes – cause effects and remedial measures Use of Nomograms for design of water distribution system. Numerical</li> </ul>	07	10
Unit – 6	Flow Through Open Channel		
	<ul> <li>6.1 Types of channels- artificial &amp; natural, purposes of artificial channel, Different shapes of artificial channels Geometrical properties of channel section-wetted area, wetted Perimeter, hydraulics radius Prismatic channel sections, steady-uniform flow through prismatic channel section.</li> <li>6.2 Chezy's equation and Manning's equation for calculation of discharge through an open channel, common range of values of Chezy's constants and Manning's constant of different types of channel surfaces. Most economical channel section, conditions for most economical</li> </ul>	07	14
	channel sections. 6.3 Froud's number and its significance. Critical, sub-critical and supercritical flow in channel Hydraulic jump its occurrence in field, uses of hydraulic jump.		
Unit – 7	Flow Measuring Devices		
	<ul> <li>7.1 Velocity measuring devices for open channels. Floats-surface, subsurface and float rod, Pitot tube – principle, expression for velocity Current meter-cup type &amp; propeller type</li> <li>7.2 Discharge measuring devices for channels, Notches -Types of notches, expression for discharge. Francis formula, end contraction and velocity of approach Weirs - Broad crested weir, ogee spillway, and expression for discharge. Flumes - Venturi flume, standing wave flume, expression for discharge. Velocity area method for measurement of discharge through open channels. Discharge measuring devices for pipes.</li> <li>7.3 Venturimeter – Component parts, principle of working, Study and use of Water meter</li> <li>Flow through orifice Orifice- Definition and use, Types of orifice based on various criteria. Coefficient of contraction, coefficient of velocity and coefficient of discharge, Relationship between them. Discharge through small sharp-edged circular orifice. Numerical.</li> </ul>	08	10
Unit – 8	Hydraulic MachinesPumps - Definition and types.Suction head, delivery head, static head and manometric head.Centrifugal pump - component parts and their functions, principleof working, priming.Reciprocating pump - component parts and working.Submersible pump and Jet pump.Selection and choice of pump.Computation of power required for pumps.Turbines - Definition and types.	04	06
	Turbines Definition and types.	48	70

Text/Reference Books:-		
Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Hydraulics & Fluids Mechanics	Dr. P.N.Modi & Dr. S.M.Seth	Standard Book House, Dehli
Hydraulics & Fluids Mechanics	S.Ramamrutham	Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi
A Text Book of Hydraulics, Fluids Mechanics Hydraulics Machines	R.S.Khurmi	S.Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi
A Text Book of Fluids Mechanics Hydraulics Machines	R.K.Rajput	S.Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi
Fluids Mechanics Hydraulics	Dr. Jagdish Lal	Metropolitan Book Co. Private Ltd. New Delhi
Hydraulics Laboratory Manual	S.K.Likhi	T.T.T.I. Chandhigrah
Flow Through open Channels	K.G. Ranga Raju	Taio McGraw. Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
Hydraulics	B.K. Singh	Foundation Publishing

# ADVANCE SURVEYING LAB

Subject Code	Practical				Credits		
1615406	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	50	02
1012-100	L	Т	P/S	Internal	:	15	
	—	—	04	External	:	35	

## **Contents: Practical**

### SKILLS TO BE DEVELOPED:

## INTELLECTUAL SKILL:

- 1) Identify the components of plane table, theodolite, and advanced survey instruments.
- 2) Know the working principles of these survey instruments.
- 3) Finding the horizontal and vertical distances.
- 4) Identifying errors in setting out curve and tabulating elements of a curve.

## Motor Skills:

- 1) Taking and recording the observation in the field book.
- 2) Preparing drawings, maps etc. with the observed data.
- 3) Setting out curve for the given alignment.
- 4) Use Micro optic thodolite, EDM for finding different parameters.

#### Instructions:-

- 1) Group size for Practical work should be limited to maximum 6 Students.
- 2) Each student from the group should handle the instrument to understand. the function of different components and use of the instrument.
- 3) Drawing, plotting should be considered as part of practical.
- 4) One full day per project is required for carrying out project work, which is to be plotted on a drawing sheet.
- 5) **TERM WORK** SHOULD CONSIST OF RECORD OF ALL PRACTICALS AND PROJECTS, IN FIELD BOOK AND DRAWING SHEETS FOR THE GIVEN PROJECTS.

LIST OF PRACTICAL: (MINIMUM 12 PRACTICAL FROM LIST GIVEN BELOW)

- 1) USING ACCESSORIES CARRY OUT TEMPORARY ADJUSTMENTS OF PLANE TABLE. LOCATING DETAILS BY METHOD OF RADIATION.
- 2) Locating details with plane table by method of intersection.
- 3) Understanding the components of Theodolite and their functions, reading the vernier and temporary adjustments of theodolite.
- 4) Measurement of Horizontal angle by transit theodolite.
- 5) Measurement of Horizontal angle by method of Repetition.
- 6) Measurement of vertical angles by theodolite.
- 7) Measurement of Magnetic bearing of a line using theodolite.
- 8) Measurement of deflection angle by taking open traverse of 4 –5 sides.
- 9) To find Reduced levels and horizontal distances using theodolite as a Tacheometer.
- 10) To find constants of a given Tacheometer.
- 11) Study and use of 1 second Micro Optic Theodolite for measurement of Horizontal and Vertical angles
- 12) Study of E.D.M. for knowing its components.
- 13) Use of EDM for finding horizontal and vertical distances and reduced levels.
- 14) Determine the geographical parameters by total station.

#### List Of Projects:

- Plane table survey project for 5-6 sided traverse and locating details of buildings, Roads etc. by radiation and Intersection method, Sheet to be drawn by each student separately on A-1 size imperial drawing sheet.
- 2) Theodolite traverse Survey for a closed traverse of 5-6 sides for a small area. Computation by Gale's traverse table. Plotting the traverse with details on A1 size imperial drawing sheet.
- Setting out simple circular curve by Rankine's method of Deflection angles for a given problem and plotting the details of curve on A-1 size imperial drawing sheet

# MECHANICS OF STRUCTURE LAB

Subject Code	Practical					Credits	
1615407	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	50	01
	L	Т	P/S	Internal	:	15	
	_		03	External	:	35	

### **Contents : Practical**

#### Skill to be developed:

#### **Intellectual Skills:**

1. Interpret the results.

Calculate design parameters.

#### **Motor Skills:**

- 1. Observe the phenomenon during testing of specimen.
- 2. Draw the graphs and diagrams.

#### List of Practical:

### Group – A (Any Six)

- 1. Identify the components of universal testing machine & tension test on mild steel.
- 2. Tension test on tor steel / deformed bars .
- 3. Izod Impact test on mild steel, brass, copper and cast iron.
- 4. Charpy impact test on mild steel, brass, copper and cast iron.
- 5. Flexural test on timber.
- 6. Flexure test on floor tiles or roofing tiles.
- 7. Shear Test on metal.
- 8. Water Absorption & Compression test (Dry & Wet) on bricks
- 9. Abrasion Test on flooring tiles.

#### Group - B

- Drawing of Shear force and Bending Moment diagrams on Graph Paper (6 Problems)
- 2. Graphical Solution of Two Problems on simple frames i) Cantilever

ii) Simply supported on A2 size sheet with their analytical solutions

# GEO TECHNICAL ENGG. LAB

Subject Code		Practical					Credits
1615408	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	50	01
1010 100	L	Т	P/S	Internal	:	15	
	—	—	02	External	:	35	

## **Contents: Practical**

#### Skills to be developed:

#### Intellectual Skills:

a. Identify properties of soil.

- b. Interpret test results.
- c. Follow IS procedure of testing.

#### Motor Skills:

- a. Measure the quantities accurately.
- b. Handle the instruments carefully.

#### List of Practical (Any ten):-

- 1. Determination of water content of given soil sample by oven drying method as per IS Code.
- 2. Determination of bulk unit weight dry unit weight of soil in field by core cutter method as per IS Code.
- 3 Determination of bulk unit weight dry unit weight of soil in field by sand replacement method as per IS Code.
- Determination of Liquid limit & Plastic limit of given soil sample as per IS Code.
- 6 Determination of grain size distribution of given soil sample by mechanical sieve analysis as per IS Code.
- 7. Determination of coefficient of permeability by constant head test
- 8. Determination of coefficient of permeability by falling head test Practical (Live demo or Prerecorded demo)
- 9. Determination of shear strength of soil using direct shear test.
- 10. Determination of shear strength of soil using Laboratory Vane shear test
- 11. Determination of MDD & OMC by standard proctor test on given soil sample as per IS Code.
- 12. Determination of CBR value of given soil sample.
- 13. Determination of shear strength of soil using unconfined compressive strength.
- 14. Determination of shear strength of soil using tri-axial shear test.

## HYDAULICS LAB

Subject Code	Practical						Credits
1615409	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks		50	02
1010407	L	Т	P/S	Internal	:	15	
	—	—	04	External	:	35	

### **Contents : Practical**

#### Skills to be developed: Intellectual Skills:

- a. Interpret test results
- b. Calculate quantities of parameters
- c. Draw graphs

#### Motor Skills:

- a. Measure different parameters accurately
- b. Adjust levels by operating valves

#### List of Practical:

- 1. Measurements of pressure and pressure head by Piezometer, U-tube manometer
- 2. Measurement of pressure difference by U-tube differential manometer. Study of bourdon's gauge
- 3. Verification of Bernoulli's theorem
- 4. Reynolds experiment to study types of flow.
- 5. Determination of Darcy's friction factor for a given pipe
- 6. Determination of Minor losses in pipes (any two)
- 7. Study and use of Moody's diagram, Nomogram of Manning's equation
- 8. Determination of Manning's constant or Chezy's constant for given rectangular channel section.
- 9. Demonstration of Hydraulic jump
- 10. Determination of coefficient of discharge for given rectangular or triangular notch.
- 11. Determination of coefficient of discharge for a given Venturimeter.
- 12. Demonstration and use of Pitot tube and current meter
- 13. Determination of hydraulic coefficients for sharp edge orifice.
- 14. Study & use of water meter.
- 15. Study of a model of centrifugal and reciprocating pump.
- 16. Use of characteristic curves/ nomograms /charts / catalogs from manufactures for selection of pump for the designed discharge and head (Refer IS: 9694)

# COMPUTER AIDED DRAWING (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP) TW

Subject Code		Term Work					
1615410	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	25	02
1010410	L	Т	P/S	Internal	:	07	
	—	—	03	External	:	18	

#### **CONTENTS: TERM WORK**

	Name of Topics	Hrs/week
Unit -1	CAD Software	
	Meaning, various CAD software available in the market AutoCAD,	
	Felix Cad, Auto Civil, 3D Max ; etc.)Starting up of CAD, CAD	
	Window,	
	Tool bar, Drop down menu, Command window, Saving the	
	drawing. Introduction of Graphic screen.	
Unit -2	CAD Commands	
	WCS icon, UCS icon, co-ordinates, drawing limits, grid, snap, ortho	
	features.	
	Drawing commands, line, circle, polyline, multiline, ellipse, polygon	
	etc.	
	Editing commands – Copy, move, offset, fillet, chamfer, trim,	
	lengthen, mirror, rotate, array etc.	
	Working with hatches, fills, dimensioning, text etc.	
Unit – 3	Submission / Working Drawing	
	Generation of line plan, Detailed Plan, elevation, section, site plan,	
	Area statement	
	Generation of 3D view and print commands	
	Introduction to Auto Civil , 3D Max.	
Note: Abov	e theoretical aspects should be covered in the practical periods.	

**Note**: Above theoretical aspects should be covered in the practical periods.

## A) Building Drawing:

Following exercises shall be completed with CAD software and Print of all the drawings should be prepared on A3 / A4 size paper

- 1) Preparation of line plan of a residential building.
- 2) Preparation of line plan of a Public building.
- 3) Preparation of detailed plan of a small residential building.
- 4) Preparation of submission drawing of residential building showing Plan, Elevation, Section, Schedule of openings, Site Plan and Area Statement

## B) Civil Engineering Drawing.

Preparation of Drawings with CAD software for the following exercises (Any THREE) and Print of all the drawings should be prepared on A3 /A4 size paper.

- 1) Plan, Cross Section and Longitudinal section of a Culvert (Pipe culvert/Box Culvert).
- 2) Section of an Earthen Dam.
- 3) Plan and Section of K. T. Weir.
- 4) Cross Section of Retaining wall.

5) Bonds in brickwork – Plan and Elevation for English bond and Flemish bond for one brick thick wall.

- 6) Cross Section of ESR.
- 7) Cross Section of Clarri-flocculator.

Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Reference Manual of AutoCAD	AutoDesk	
Reference Manual of Felix cad	Felix CAD	
Reference Manual of Intel CAD		
Reference Manual of Auto Civil		
Reference Manual of 3D- Max		
Computer Aided Drawing	R.C. Tayal	Foundation Publishng

## PROFESSIONAL PRACTICES-IV (CIVIL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Subject Code	Term Work						Credits
1615411	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	25	02
1012411	L	Т	P/S	Internal	:	07	
	_	_	03	External	:	18	

#### **CONTENTS : TERM WORK**

	Name of Topics	Hrs/week
Unit -1	Structured industrial visits be arranged and report of the same should be submitted by the individual student, to form a part of the term work. The industrial visits may be arranged in the following areas / industries (Any three) i) Bridge under construction ii) Adarsh Gram iii) Railway station iv) Construction of basement/retaining wall/sump well	20
Unit -2	Lectures by Professional / Industrial Expert / Student Seminars based on information search, expert lectures to be organized from any two of the following areas: i) Construction of Flyovers: Special Features ii) Ready Mix concrete iii) Safety in Construction iv) Latest Trends in Water proofing v) Software for drafting	10
Unit – 3	Information search can be done through manufacturers, catalogue, internet, magazines; books etc. and submit a report.(any three)         Following topics are suggested :         i)       Collection and reading of drawings of buildings from architect / Practicing engineers and listing of various features from the drawings.         ii)       Market survey for pumps ,pipes and peripherals required for multi storied buildings         iii)       Non Conventional Energy Sources with focus on solar energy         iv)       Elevators installation and maintenance         v)       Any other suitable areas	14
Unit – 4	Seminar : Seminar topic should be related to the subjects of fourth semester. Each student shall submit a report of at least 10 pages and deliver a seminar (Presentation time – 10 minutes)	16
Unit – 5	Mini Project / Activities :(any one) <ul> <li>a) Optimum design of concrete</li> <li>b) Preparing three dimensional model of residential building using CAD</li> </ul>	20
	Total	80